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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/752,434	01/06/2004	Yeshwanth Narendar	S1432-700819	3742	
37462 LOWRIE LAI	7590 08/20/2007 NDO & ANASTASI	EXAMINER			
RIVERFRONT OFFICE			GROUP, KARL E		
ONE MAIN S' CAMBRIDGE	TREET, ELEVENTH FLO : MA 02142	OR	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
		•	08/20/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/752,434	NARENDAR ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Karl E. Group	1755	

	·	Karl E. Group	1755	
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress
THE	REPLY FILED 15 August 2007 FAILS TO PLACE THIS AF	•	-	
1. 🖾	The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of ving replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in a	Appeal. To avoid aba fidavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)
	\square The periods. The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection		
b)		dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejecti	on.
nave tunder set for may re	sions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exign 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the sthin (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office latereduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) CE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply orig than three months after the mailing da	of the fee. The approprinally set in the final Offi	iate extension fee ce action: or (2) as
	The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed NDMENTS	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th	ns of the date of e appeal. Since
	The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further cos(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo	nsideration and/or search (see NO w);	TE below);	
	(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or.			the issues for
	(d) They present additional claims without canceling a		ected claims.	
_	NOTE: <u>See Continuation Sheet</u> . (See 37 CFR 1.1			
5. 🛛	The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12 Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s)	: See Continuation Sheet.		
	Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s).			
	For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		ll be entered and an e	explanation of
	Claim(s) allowed:	,		,
	Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>14,15,23,24 and 30-36</u> .			
	Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: 38-41.	•		
	DAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE		•	
	The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	t before or on the date of filing a No d sufficient reasons why the affidav	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> rit or other evidence is	t be entered necessary and
	The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appear and was not earlier presented. S	al and/or appellant fai ee 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1	ls to provide a
	The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation JEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ied.
I1. ⊠	The request for reconsideration has been considered bu See Continuation Sheet.	t does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowar	nce because:
	Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (Other:	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)		
			/Karl E Group/ Primary Examiner	•

Art Unit: 1755

Continuation of 3. NOTE: In claim 14 adding the pore surface area and allowing at least one of the impurities to be present in amounts up to 400 ppm is a new issue. Claim 14 as finally rejected required the total impurities to be less than 400 ppm. Furthermore, "the impurity" lacks antecedent basis as the claim recites "impurities". Also in claim 14, the Markush group of Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr and Ca is a new issue.

Continuation of 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): The rejection of claim 24 over Japanese documents 10-228974, 07-328360 is withdrawn because claim 24 requires the structure of a wafer boat. Claim 35 is not rejected over 07-328360 because of the iron content.

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: A dependent claim MUST further limit the claim from which it depends. As to claims 31 and 32 "The wafer boat" should be recited rather than "The article". In reference to JP 10-228974 a pore size of 15-40 microns is clearly taught. As to the impurity amount the applicants have not supplied any tangible evidence that the Japanese documents include impurities outside the claimed ranges and the claims clearly define what impurity is being limited. Proposed claim 14 would only require one of Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr and Ca to be less than 400 ppm. Any tangible evidence would be required to show each of Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr and Ca are greater than 400 ppm. Claim 30 requires only one of Fe, Cu, Ni, Cr and ca to be less than 1 ppm. Again it would be required that a showing that each of these components is greater than 1 ppm. As to claim 33 it would only be necessary to show that Ni is greater than 5 ppm. Applicants argue mechanical processing would introduce metallic impurities. It is not clear how processing would add ca as well as all the other Cu, Ni, Cr. Dubots clearly teach less than 10 ppm total metallic impurity and less than .1 ppm Fe, column 5, lines 19-21. It is further argued that Dubots fail to teach a finished wafer boat. The instant claims are rejected over the intermediate (prior to siliconizing), which would have the structure of a wafer boat. As to the Ni being less than 5 ppm, applicants have not shown that the Ni is greater than 5 ppm as well as a total metal impurity less than 10 ppm would suggest the Ni is less than 5 ppm absent tangible evidence to the contrary.